Name: Date:

**The Presidency of Andrew Jackson**

Voting Requirements in the 19th Century

\*\*List THREE states and the voting requirements for that state in 1830\*\*

Why Increased Democratization?

* White \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ suffrage increased
* Party nominating \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ chose their state’s slate of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ electors.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ system.
* Rise of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Parties.
* Popular \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (parades, rallies, floats, etc.)
* Two-party system returned in the 1832 election:
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_-\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 🡪 Natl. Reps.(1828) 🡪 Whigs (1832) 🡪 Republicans (1854)
	+ Democrats (1828)

Jackson’s Early Life

* Born on the border of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and South \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in 1767
* Raised by a single \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

The Seminole Wars

* Wars fought between the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ native Americans from 1817-1818, again from 1835-1858, and finally from 1855-1858
* Jackson led the American troops into \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to search for runaway \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the Native Americans that were helping them
* These wars ultimately led to the addition of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the United States.

Jackson’s First Presidential Run

The “Common Man’s” Presidential Candidate

\*\*\* Why would Jackson be known as the Common Man?\*\*\*

Jackson’s Opponents in 1824

* Henry \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* John \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* John C. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* William H. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Results of the election of 1824

* “Corrupt Bargain” -

What were the key issues of 1828?

* Rachel Jackson -

Results of Election of 1828

The New “Jackson Coalition”

* The Planter Elite in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* People on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* State Politicians – *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the cities.

Jackson’s Faith in the “Common Man”

* Intense distrust of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ “establishment,” \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, & special privilege.
* His heart & soul was with the “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”
* Belief that the common man was capable of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ achievements.

The Reign of “King Mob”

* Jackson was the first president to be of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and actually invited the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to his inauguration

The “Peggy Eaton Affair”

* Members of Jackson’s cabinet became so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and distracted by the Peggy Eaton affair, that they could barely do their jobs
* Ultimately led to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of John C. Calhoun

The Nullification Issue

* Nullification crisis – Jackson favored \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, but not if it lead to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Webster-Hayne Debates
	+ - Webster:
		- Jackson:
		- Calhoun:
* Force Bill – gave Pres. Authority to use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in SC to enforce collection of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ – lowered tariff – no force necessary – for now…
* Jackson did side with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on slavery

1832 Tariff Conflict

* 1828 --> “Tariff of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”
* 1832 --> new tariff
* South Carolina’s reaction?
	+ Very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ – nullify tariff
* Jackson’s response?
	+ Threatened to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ South Carolina to make them follow the law
* Clay’s “Compromise” Tariff?
	+ Adopted to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tariff rates

Jackson’s Native American Policies

* Jackson’s Goal?
* 1830 ->Indian Removal Act

 - Jackson \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with land hungry citizens

 - Forced \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of thousands of Native American

* *Cherokee Nation v. GA* (1831)
 \* “domestic \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ nation”

\* The courts sided with the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and voided all of Georgia’s laws dealing with the Cherokee

* *Worcester v. GA* (1832)

 \* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people do not need a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to be on Native American lands

* Jackson:
 *John Marshall has made his decision, now let him enforce it!*

What was the Trail of Tears?

Renewing the Charter of the First National Bank

Jackson’s Use of Federal Power 🡪

**1830 -> Maysville Road project in KY [state of his political rival, Henry Clay]**

National Bank Debate

The “Monster” is Destroyed!

* “\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”?
* 1832 -> Jackson \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the extension of the 2nd National Bank of the United States.
* 1836 -> the charter \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* 1841 ->the bank went \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

The Specie Circular (1836)

* “wildcat banks.” -
* Buy future \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ only with gold or silver.
* Jackson’s goal?
* Results:
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lose their value.
	+ Land sales \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ not available.
	+ Businesses began to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rose.

The 1836 Election Results

What was the Panic of 1837?